

**Product name: ENVY** 

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

**Revision Date: 19.11.2020** 

Version: 9.1

Date of last issue: 12.02.2018

**Print Date:** 17.06.2021

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container.

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier Product name: ENVY

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Plant Protection Product Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited CPC2 CAPITAL PARK FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE

**UNITED KINGDOM** 

Customer Information Number : +44 8006 89 8899 E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE

**24-Hour Emergency Contact** : +353 76 680 5288 **Local Emergency Contact** : +353 76 680 5288

National Poisons Information Centre (Beaumont Hospital): 01 809 2166 (8 AM - 10 PM):

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Skin irritation - Category 2 - H315 Skin sensitisation - Category 1 - H317 Eye irritation - Category 2 - H319

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 - Respiratory tract irritant. - H335

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 - Narcotic effects. - H336

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H400 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Version: 9.1

#### 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

### **Hazard pictograms**





## Signal Word: WARNING

#### **Hazard statements**

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary statements**

P280 Wea	r protective aloves	protective clothing/	eve protection/	face protection.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

+ P338 if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste disposal contractor or collection site

except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be disposed of as non-

hazardous waste.

## Supplemental information

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use

**Contains** Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

## **2.3 Other hazards**No data available

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## 3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

Version: 9.1

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 81406-37-3 EC-No. 279-752-9 Index-No. 607-272-00-5	_	15.6%	fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)	Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
CASRN 145701-23-1 EC-No. Not available Index-No. 613-230-00-7	_	0.2%	Florasulam (ISO)	Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
CASRN Not available EC-No. 918-668-5 Index-No.	01-2119455851-35	>= 30.0 - < 40.0 %	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Flam. Liq 3 - H226 STOT SE - 3 - H335 STOT SE - 3 - H336 Asp. Tox 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411
CASRN 57-55-6 EC-No. 200-338-0 Index-No.	01-2119456809-23	>= 3.0 - < 10.0 %	Propylene glycol	Not classified

If present in this product, any not classified components disclosed above for which no country specific OEL value(s) is(are) indicated under Section 8, are being disclosed as voluntarily disclosed components. For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel.

Product name: ENVY Revision Date: 19.11.2020
Version: 9.1

**Skin contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly.

**Eye contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

**Ingestion:** Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

## **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician:** Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use direct water stream. High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: No data available

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Product name: ENVY

Revision Date: 19.11.2020

Version: 9.1

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.
- **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to overpressurization of the container. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Non-sparking tools should be used. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- **7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid formation of aerosol. Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Do not smoke. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Use with local exhaust ventilation.
- **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in a closed container. No smoking. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Explosives. Gases. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

**7.3 Specific end use(s):** Refer to product label.

Product name: ENVY Revision Date: 19.11.2020 Version: 9.1

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

## Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator (meeting standard EN 136) with organic vapor cartridge (meeting standard EN 14387).

#### Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In

Version: 9.1

confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2 (meeting standard EN 14387).

## **Environmental exposure controls**

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.
Color Off-white
Odor Characteristic

Odor Threshold No test data available

pH 5.8 1% CIPAC MT 75.2 (1% aqueous suspension)

Melting point/rangeNot applicableFreezing pointNo data availableBoiling point (760 mmHg)No test data available

Flash point closed cup 61 °C Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate No t

= 1)

No test data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower explosion limit

Upper explosion limit

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)

No data available

No test data available

No test data available

Relative Density (water = 1) 0.992 at 22 °C / 4 °C Pyknometer

Water solubility emulsifies/suspends
Partition coefficient: n- No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature at 1,007 mbar 92/69/EEC A15 none below 400 degC

Decomposition temperatureNo data availableDynamic ViscosityNo test data availableKinematic Viscosity95 mm2/s at 40 °C Approx.

Explosive properties No Oxidizing properties No

9.2 Other information

**Liquid Density** 0.992 g/cm3 at 22 °C *Pyknometer* 

Molecular weightNo data availableSurface tension34.5 mN/m at25 °C

Version: 9.1

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**10.2 Chemical stability:** No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. May form explosive dust-air mixture.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials: None.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

#### **Acute oral toxicity**

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product:

LD50, Rat, male, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

As product:

LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product:

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

## **Acute inhalation toxicity**

Vapor concentrations are attainable which could be hazardous on single exposure. May cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness and drowsiness, progressing to incoordination and unconsciousness.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

Product name: ENVY

Revision Date: 19.11.2020

Version: 9.1

LC50. Rat. 4 Hour. dust/mist. > 10 mg/l Estimated.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation which may be slow to heal.

May cause slight corneal injury.

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

#### Sensitization

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

## **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

For the active ingredient(s):

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Contains component(s) which have been reported to cause effects on the following organs in animals: Kidney.

Liver.

Eye.

Respiratory tract.

Luna.

Blood.

### Carcinogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

For the minor component(s): Has caused cancer in laboratory animals. However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown.

#### **Teratogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Based on information for component(s): Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses producing severe toxicity in the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

## Reproductive toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Product name: ENVY Revision Date: 19.11.2020
Version: 9.1

In animal studies on component(s), effects on reproduction were seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

## Mutagenicity

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

## **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

## 12.1 Toxicity

## Acute toxicity to fish

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 13.5 mg/l

## Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 31.7 mg/l

## Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Biomass, 9.03 mg/l

ErC50, Lemna gibba, 7 d, Biomass, 0.932 mg/l

## **Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), mortality, > 2000mg/kg bodyweight.

oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 359micrograms/bee

contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 959micrograms/bee

## Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, 608 mg/kg

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

## fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

Biodegradability: Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** 32 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Version: 9.1

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.2 mg/mg

Stability in Water (1/2-life) Hydrolysis, half-life, 454 d

## Florasulam (ISO)

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass

OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** 2 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0.85 mg/mg

## Biological oxygen demand (BOD)

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	0.012
	mg/mg

## Stability in Water (1/2-life)

, > 30 d

**Photodegradation** 

Atmospheric half-life: 1.82 Hour

Method: Estimated.

## Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

**Biodegradability:** For the major component(s): Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability. For some component(s): Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

## Propylene glycol

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready

biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).

10-day Window: Pass **Biodegradation:** 81 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 96 % Exposure time: 64 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

## fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

Version: 9.1

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 5.04 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 26 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Measured

#### Florasulam (ISO)

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.22 Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.8 Fish 28 d Measured

## Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

**Bioaccumulation:** For the major component(s): Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5). For the minor component(s): Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

## Propylene glycol

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.07 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.09 Estimated.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

## fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

Partition coefficient (Koc): 6200 - 43000

## Florasulam (ISO)

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient (Koc): 4 - 54

## Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

No relevant data found.

## Propylene glycol

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient (Koc): < 1 Estimated.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

## fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## Florasulam (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

## Propylene glycol

Version: 9.1

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

## fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

## Florasulam (ISO)

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

## Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### Propylene glycol

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

**14.1 UN number** UN 3082

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 914.4 Packing group |||

14.5 Environmental hazards Fluroxypyr

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazard Identification Number: 90

## Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

**14.1 UN number** UN 3082

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

Version: 9.1

N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 914.4 Packing group |||

14.5 Environmental hazards Fluroxypyr14.6 Special precautions for user EmS: F-A, S-F

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC or IGC

Code

Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

## Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

**14.1 UN number** UN 3082

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid,

n.o.s.(Fluroxypyr)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 914.4 Packing group |||

14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

#### Further information:

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).,The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure thathis/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

Product name: ENVY

Revision Date: 19.11.2020

Version: 9.1

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Number in Regulation: E1

100 t 200 t

Listed in Regulation: Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)

Number in Regulation: 34

2,500 t 25,000 t

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin Irrit. - 2 - H315 - On basis of test data. Skin Sens. - 1 - H317 - On basis of test data. Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319 - On basis of test data. STOT SE - 3 - H335 - Calculation method STOT SE - 3 - H336 - Calculation method Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - On basis of test data. Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 - Calculation method

#### Revision

Identification Number: / Issue Date: 19.11.2020 / Version: 9.1

DAS Code: GF-184

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Version: 9.1

#### Legend

Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response: GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO -International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan): ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - substance of very high concern; TCSI -Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs

Version: 9.1

obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version. IE